

Planning Resources

Grade 3

Activity Book



Your Amazing Body

Directions

- Use the words in the Word Bank to complete the **Summary**.
- Read the section directions to complete the Lesson Details.

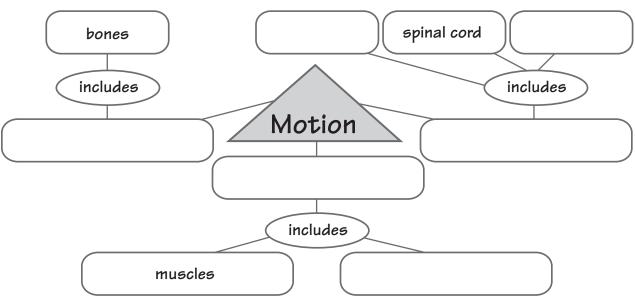
Word Bank				
cells	intestines	muscular system	skeletal system	
digestive system	life cycle	nervous system	stomach	
habits	lungs	respiratory system		

Lesson 1 pp. 4–7

Summary Your ______, and

_____ work together to help you move your body.

Lesson Details Use pages 4–7 to complete the graphic organizer.



Lesson 2 pp. 8-13

Summary Your _____ are the main part of your

_____ and _____

are part of your ______.

Lesson Details Look at pages 8–11. Explain how the respiratory and digestive systems are alike.

Lesson 3 pp. 14-16

Summary Everyone goes through four stages of growth that make

up the _____.

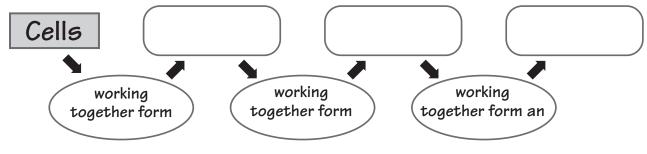
Lesson Details On another sheet of paper, draw two pictures showing ways you are different now from the way you were at age two. Write a sentence about each picture.

Lesson 4

pp. 18-21

Summary Your body is made up of ______.

Lesson Details Use page 19 to complete the graphic organizer.



Lesson 5 | pp. 24-26

Summary Some _____ can help you keep your body healthy.

Lesson Details Use pages 24–26 to complete the table.

Habit	How It Helps Keep You Healthy
wearing safety gear	
	removes germs that may make you sick
	keeps track of how you are growing
visiting dentist	



Identify Main Idea and Details

Muscles, Muscles, Muscles

Your body uses your skeletal, muscular, and nervous systems to move. Your muscular system is made up of three kinds of muscles. One kind of muscle is connected to your bones. These muscles are used for movement you control, such as walking, chewing, and singing.

The second kind of muscle causes movement you do not control. These muscles cause blood to flow inside your blood vessels. They cause food to travel through your digestive system. They also cause your lungs to fill with air and then empty.

The third kind of muscle is found only in your heart. It controls your heartbeat. You cannot control what your heart muscle does. The muscle works on its own.

Using the graphic organizer, record the main idea and details of the reading.

	Main Idea:	
	1	•
Detail:	Detail:	Detail:

Name _____





Life Skill

Communicate

Steps for Communicating

- **1.** Understand your audience.
- **3.** Listen carefully, and answer any questions.
- **2.** Give a clear message.
- **4.** Gather feedback.

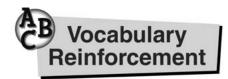
Use the steps to help these students communicate.

A. Tashia is $9\frac{1}{2}$ years old. She lives six blocks away from the public pool. Her parents will not let her walk to the pool alone. She must ask her mom, her dad, or her 17-year-old brother to walk with her. She feels she's being treated like a baby. She wants to walk to the pool without them.

• What can Tashia do to get her parents to trust her to walk to the

B. Wendell wants a puppy for his birthday. His mom says that Wendell is not responsible enough to care for a pet.

• Describe one way Wendell can show his mom that he is responsible enough to care for a dog.



Unscramble Words

A. Look at the terms below to help you unscramble the letters following each sentence. Write the correctly spelled term in the sentence blank. Use each term only once.

digestive system large intestine liver stomach esophagus mouth small intestine

1. The _____ changes food into something the body can use.

is get dive teymss

- 2. Food is taken in and chewed in the _____.

 thomu
- 3. The _____ pushes food from the mouth to the stomach. g o a s h p e s u
- 4. Acids in the _____ break down food so it can be used. c h o a m s t
- 5. The _____ breaks down food even more.
- **6.** Liquid made in the _____ goes to the small intestine. r e v i l
- 7. Parts of food the body cannot use are stored in the ______.
 greal eintseint
- **B.** Read each sentence carefully. Circle the word in parentheses that makes the sentence correct.
 - **8.** (Bones, Tendons) are part of the skeletal system.
 - **9.** The (trachea, diaphragm) is a thin, flat muscle under your ribs.
- **10.** Your (growth rate, life cycle) indicates how quickly or slowly you grow.



Taking Care of Yourself



Directions

- Use lesson vocabulary in the Word Bank to complete each Summary.
- Read the directions provided to complete each Lesson Details.

Word B	ank —				
advertising bacteria	cavity consumer	dental floss ear canal		plaque pores	sunscreen
Lesson 1 p	p. 32-35				
Summary	Sweat comes	to the surface	of your ski	n through	
		lect on your sk can protect yo	_		
rays by us	sing a				
Lesson Deta	ails Complete	e the graphic or	rganizer.		
		Ski	n		
	Parts of Skin			Caring for S	kin
Lesson 2 p	p. 36-40				
Summary	Bacteria that	live in		break do	wn foods
•		se acids can ca n be removed			
			is a che	mical that	makes teeth

stronger and harder.

Name _____

Quick Study (continued)

Lesson Details Look at pages 38–39. On a separate sheet of paper, explain how to floss and brush your teeth correctly.

Lesson 3 pp. 42-45

Summary Sound waves enter your ear through the ______.

The waves cause your ______ to vibrate.

Lesson Details Use the information from pages 42–43 to complete the chart.

Protecting Your Ears

Stay away from noisy places.

Lesson 4 pp. 46-49

Summary As a ______, you are responsible for choosing and buying the health-care products that are best for you.

Lesson Details List three ways to determine which product is best for you.

Lesson 5 pp. 52-54

Summary Companies tell consumers about products through

_____. The information in some ads is true, but false in others.

Lesson Details Look at the information on pages 52–53. Write at least three ways companies try to get you to buy their products.

Name _____



Summarize

Daily Care of Your Body

Some parts of your body need daily care. Your skin needs to be washed and protected throughout the day. Your teeth need care each day, too.

Skin care includes washing your hands and your whole body. Wash your hands with soap before eating and after using the bathroom. Bathe or shower whenever you are dirty or sweaty. Whenever you wash, be sure to use soap and warm water. When you are in the sun, wear sunscreen to protect against sunburn.

Plaque builds up on teeth and can cause cavities. To remove the plaque, brush your teeth at least twice a day. Floss at least once a day. Flossing cleans between your teeth and protects your gums.

On the lines below, summarize the paragraphs.

Name	





Life Skill

Set Goals

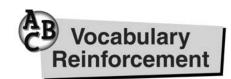
Steps for Setting Goals

- **1.** Choose a goal.
- **2.** List and plan steps to meet the goal. Determine whether you will need help.
- **3.** Check your progress as you work toward the goal.
- **4.** Evaluate the results of your work.

Tell how these students can use the steps to make their plans.

- **A.** Nicole is going camping with a friend's family over the weekend. She is worried that she will not be able to care for her teeth as she should.
 - Tell how Nicole can set goals to care for her teeth during the camping trip.
- **B.** Alton remembers radio advertisements after hearing them just once. Alton's brother asked him to buy some soap. He thought Alton must know the best soap to buy. However, Alton can't remember much information about the products except for the tunes and slogans played on the radio.
 - Tell how Alton can set goals for learning more about products than just what their radio advertisements say.

Harcour
 Harcour



fluoride

Use Word Meanings

plaque

pores

A. In the following sentences, the italicized words make the information incorrect. Find the words in the box that make the sentences correct. Write them on the lines.

consumer

ear canal

	bacteria	cavity	eardrum	advertisements	s
1.	Sound wave the <i>inner ea</i>		e ear through	-	
2.	1	advertiser	you become by helping you el.		
3.	When Sarah soap from h	_	her teeth, she	removes	
4.	The <i>dirt and</i> are living.	d sweat 01	n your skin	-	
5.	Sweat comes tiny hairs.	s to the su	ırface of skin t	hrough _	
6.	Putting thin the <i>brain</i> .	gs into th	ne ear can dam	age _	
7.		•	the enamel of hrough the de		

9. Putting *magnesium* in toothpaste helps prevent cavities.

8. Companies sometimes try to get you to buy their products by using *ingredients*

B. Choose two of the vocabulary terms from Part A. Then, on a separate sheet of paper, write a sentence that uses both terms.

and the pulp.

with catchy music.



Food for a Healthy Body

Directions

- Use the vocabulary in the Word Bank to complete each Summary.
- Use the section directions to complete each Lesson Details.

Word Ban	ik —			
balanced diet	label	MyPyramid	nutrition	spoiled
diet	ingredients	nutrients	snacks	
Lesson 1 pp. (60-63			
Summary Th	ere are six basio	c	. The study o	f food and
	•	called a eat and drink.	Your _	
Lesson Details	Complete the	list of the six ba	sic nutrients.	
1. carbohyo	drates 3.		5	
2	4.		6	
Lesson 2 pp.	64-67			
-		is a tool the diet that is made	- •	
of foods from	n each food gro	oup is a		
Lesson Details	Use pages 65-	-66 to fill in the	table.	
Food Grou	ıp Example	9		

Food Group	Example
Vegetable	
Fruit	

Name	

Quick Study (continued)

Lesson 3 | pp. 68-70

Summary Foods you eat between meals are called ______.

Lesson Details Cross out the unhealthful snacks in this list.

potato chips	apples	low-fat yogurt	carrots
pretzels	candy bar	grapes	cookies

Lesson 4 | pp. 72–75

Summary The things that go into a food are its _____. The _____ on a packaged food tells what is in the food. Lesson Details Finish the list of ways to compare food products in order to make good decisions when shopping. **1** Compare ingredients. 2. _____

Lesson 5 pp. 78-80

Summary A ______ food is unsafe to eat.

Lesson Details Complete the table to show how to keep your food safe when you are unpacking groceries.

Use the following phrases to complete the table:

fruits and vegetables

frozen foods meats, chicken, and eggs

Put away first	
Put away second	
Put away third	

Name	
11/4/11/0	_



Compare and Contrast

Proteins and Carbohydrates

Nutrients are the things in food that help your body grow and get energy. Choosing your foods carefully can help you to get the nutrients you need.

Carbohydrates are one of the six basic nutrients. Carbohydrates give your body energy. Some of the foods in the Grains group are good sources of carbohydrates. Foods in the Fruits group and the Vegetables group also have carbohydrates.

Proteins are another of the six basic nutrients. Proteins give your body energy and help your body grow. Some of the foods in the Meat and Beans group are good sources of protein.

Fill in the graphic organizer. Tell how proteins and carbohydrates are alike and how they are different.

Alike	Different





Life Skill

Make Responsible Decisions

Steps for Making Responsible Decisions

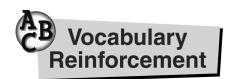
- **1.** Find out about the choices you could make.
- **2.** Eliminate choices that are against your family's rules.
- **3.** Ask yourself: What could happen with each choice? Does the choice show good character?
- **4.** Make what seems to be the best choice.

Use the steps to help these students make responsible decisions.

- **A.** Tim is in the mood for a crunchy snack. His mother allows him to eat only healthful snacks. In the kitchen, Tim finds potato chips, low-fat yogurt, and carrots.
- Explain what the best choice is for Tim to make. His choice should show that he follows his family's rules when choosing a snack.

 B. Deshawn's soccer coach has brought snacks for the team. Deshawn has a choice of a candy bar or a granola bar. All of the other team members choose candy bars, so Deshawn decides to have a candy bar, too.

 Did Deshawn make the best choice? Explain why or why not.



Use Word Meanings

A.	Write the letter of the c	orrect answer	on the line at the	left.
	There are six basisA nutritionB nutrients	C	in the foods you e snacks ingredients	at.
	2. Every packaged foF labelG diet	Н	that tells what is nutrition food guide pyrai	
	3. Foods that you eaA ingredientsB nutrients	C	eals are called a balanced diet snacks	
	4. Food that is not sF ingredientsG snacks	Н	y can become I spoiled nutrition	
В.	Use the terms to comple only once.	ete the senten	ces below. Use eac	th term
	nutrients diet	fluoride	MyPyramid	ingredients
5.	strong.	is a mine	ral that helps make	e your teeth
6.	Things in food that help		grow and get energ	y are
7.	The foods you eat and o	lrink make u	p your	
8.	The things that make up	a food are i	ts	·
9.	You can usechoose foods for a healt		as a tool to he	lp you



Activity for a Healthy Body

Directions

- Use the vocabulary and other terms from the Word Bank to complete each Summary.
- Read the section directions to complete the Lesson Details.

Word Bank				
aerobic exercise	exercise	safety gear	ten	
cool-down	flexibility	sleep	warm-up	
endurance	mouth guard	strength		

Lesson 1 pp. 86-90

Summary Any activity that makes your body work hard is called				
Exercise increases your,				
, and An exercise that causes				
deep breathing and a fast heart rate is called				
Lesson Details Use the activity pyramid on page 87 of your textbook to answer the questions.				
What is one activity you should do every day?				
What is one activity you should do only in small amounts?				
What is an example of an aerobic exercise?				

Name _____

Quick Study (continued)

Lesson 2 pp. 92-97

Summary Before you exercise, you should do a _______.

After you exercise, you should do a _______. So that you don't get hurt, you should use ______ when you play most sports. To protect your teeth, wear a ______.

Lesson Details Use pages 92–93 to complete the table.

Type of Stretch	Description
Sit-and-reach stretch	Sit on the floor. Bend at the waist. Reach toward your feet.
Calf stretch	
	Keep both hands flat on the floor. Place one leg behind you. Point your toe.
Shoulder-and-chest stretch	

Lesson 3 pp. 100-102

Summary Children your age need about ______ hours of _____ each night.

Lesson Details Use the graph on page 101 to complete the table.

Age	Min. Hours of Sleep	Max. Hours of Sleep
Babies	13	
Children		11
Teens		11
Adults	7	



Identify Cause and Effect

Good for Your Body and Mind!

Exercise is good for your body. It increases your strength, flexibility, and endurance. Your heart gets stronger when you exercise. Your lungs hold more air. Exercise is good for every part of your body.

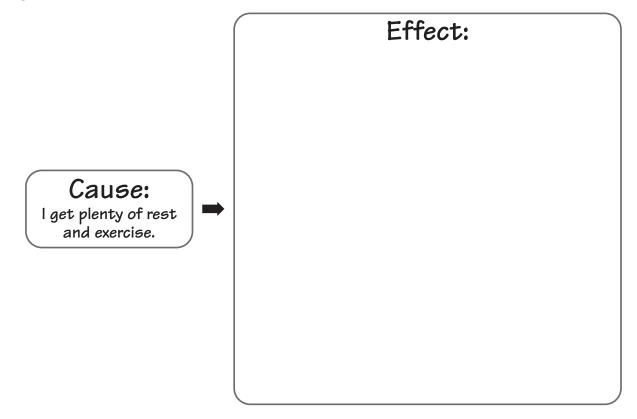
Rest is good for your body, too. When you sleep, your body gets ready for the next day. Your muscles rest when you sleep.

Exercise is also good for your mind. Exercise helps you feel less stress. Exercise can put you in a good mood. Exercising with your family or friends can make you happy.

Rest is also good for your mind. Getting enough rest helps put you in a good mood. It helps you think clearly in school. When you get enough sleep, you feel less stress.

Exercise and rest are good for your body and your mind.

Fill in at least five effects of the cause listed in the graphic organizer.



10000

Nan	1e	





Life Skill

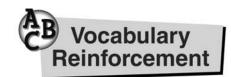
Make Responsible Decisions

Directions

- **1.** Find out about the choices you could make.
- **2.** Say *no* to choices that are against your family rules.
- **3.** Ask yourself: What could happen with each choice? Does the choice show good character?
- **4.** Make what seems to be the best choice.

Use the steps to help these students make responsible decisions.

- **A.** The water fountain at the football field is broken. Tim didn't bring any water with him to football practice. It is a hot day, and football practice is two hours long. Tim decides to practice anyway. He will get a drink when he is done.
- **B.** Maria has set a personal health goal to get at least ten hours of sleep each night. The first week she wrote down how much sleep she got. At the end of the week, she saw that she hadn't met her goal. Maria needs to decide whether to keep trying to reach her goal.



Definitions

aerobic exercise exercise strength endurance flexibility

- **A.** For each definition, write the correct word on the line.
- 1. How easily you can move and bend
- 2. Any activity that makes your body work hard
- 3. How powerful your muscles are
- 4. Being able to exercise for a long time without getting tired
- **5.** Exercise that causes deep breathing and a fast heart rate

cool-down

B. Choose two of the terms below. Write a sentence for each term.

safety gear

warm-up

mouth guard



Keeping Safe

Directions

- Use the lesson vocabulary in the Word Bank to complete each **Summary**. You may use some words or phrases more than once.
- Read the section directions to complete each Lesson Details.

Word Bank				
bully	limit	stra	nger	
hazard	passenger	trus	ted adult	
njury	safety rules			
esson 1 pp. 108-110)			
Summary Using _		can help you and	d your friends	
identify a	and a	void	You are	
a	when you ride	e in a car or bus	with a driver.	
	helps keep you safe and healthy if you don't go			
beyond it. Lesson Details Read	nages 108_110	Explain why you	should include	
your name in a lis	1 0			
esson 2 pp. 112-115 Summary Never ta		, or go anywhere	with, a	
	A	might thi	nk it's fun to cal	
you names. If you	feel vou need he	lp, look for a		

Lesson Details Read "How to Get Help" on page 115. On a separate sheet of paper, make a list of three places you go by yourself. For example, you might list school, soccer practice, and a friend's house. For each place you list, tell who you could go to if you needed help.

Lesson 3 pp. 118-120

Summary Wearing the proper safety gear while playing sports can protect you from ______.

Lesson Details Use page 118 to complete the graphic organizer.

Safety Rules for Riding Bicycles

•	3
Carry	Place your in the basket.
Bicy	cles
Wear clothing.	streets.
Ride only in	



Draw Conclusions

Tamika's Problem

Tamika has lost three backpacks this school year. When her parents bought her the newest backpack, they said that she should be extra careful with it. They told her not to leave it anywhere. Tamika knows that her parents will be angry if she loses this new backpack.

However, as Tamika and Opal are walking home from school, they realize a stranger is following them. They turn a corner, and the stranger turns the corner. They cross the street, and the stranger crosses the street. When they start to run, he begins to run, too. Tamika's backpack is heavy. It is hard for her to run fast. She is afraid that the stranger will catch up to her. Then he will be able to grab her by her backpack. But she is afraid to slip out of the backpack and run faster. She thinks her parents will be angry at her for losing another backpack.

What should Tamika do? She needs to get away from the stranger, but she wants to keep her backpack. Use the graphic organizer to draw a conclusion about the decision Tamika might make in this situation.

Draw Conclusions

What I Read:		What I Know:		Conclusion:
	+		=	

Name	





Life Skill

Resolve Conflicts

Steps for Resolving Conflicts

- **1.** Use "I" messages to tell how you feel.
- **3.** Negotiate.
- **2.** Listen to each other. Consider the other person's view.
- **4.** Compromise on a solution.

Use the steps to help these students resolve their conflicts.

- **A.** Jordan wants to play soccer on Saturday mornings. His sister Tasha has signed up for softball practice on Saturday afternoons. Both want their mom to drive them to and from the park, but she has time to make only one round trip.
 - Explain how Jordan and Tasha can use the Steps for Resolving Conflicts to solve their problem. How can their decision show fairness?
- **B.** Hal and Cal share a bedroom. Cal wants to decorate the room with posters of basketball players. Hal wants to hang up posters of popular musicians.
 - Explain how Hal and Cal can use the Steps for Resolving Conflicts to solve their problem. How can their decision show fairness?

Use Word Clues

A. Use the numbered clues to find the word that fits in each set of spaces. Choose from the words in the following list.

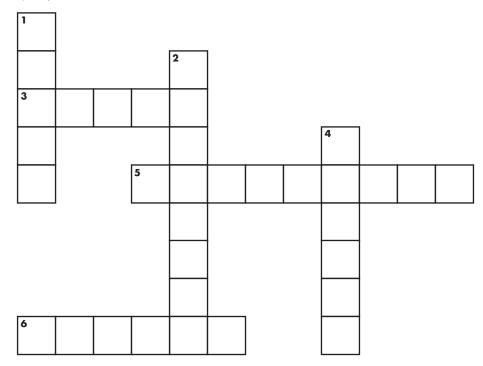
limit	bully	hazard	injury	passenger	stranger	

Across

- **3.** Point that you may not go beyond
- **5.** Person in a car, not the driver
- **6.** Danger that could lead to an injury

Down

- **1.** Person who hurts or frightens others
- **2.** Person you do not know well
- 4. Harm done to a person's body



B. Choose two of the vocabulary words from Part A. Then, on a separate sheet of paper, write a sentence that uses both words.



Emergency Safety

Directions

- Use lesson vocabulary in the Word Bank to complete each Summary.
- Read the section directions to complete each Lesson Details.

Word Bar			
disaster	electricity	emergency	poison
Lesson 1 pp.	126-128		
Summary A	fire that breaks out	in your home is an _	
A home pro	duct is a	if it isn't u	sed the right way
Lesson Details catch fire.	Fill in the blanks	to tell what to do if	your clothes
The first th	_	he ground.	slowly back and forth.
Why do you	roll back and fortl	h?	
esson 2 pp.			
Summary Us	se	the right way to p	revent a shock.
line next to	each rule that is tru false. On a separate	afety appear below. Wate. Write an <i>F</i> on the sheet of paper, write	e line next to eacl
	the cord to unplug	Pull out in	nsect stingers.
It is of another.	bliance. kay to touch er person's blood. hly butter knives in echen.	a carpet.	cords under

Lesson 3	pp. 136-140
----------	-------------

Summary If a _____ happens, listen to the radio for instructions.

Lesson Details For each disaster, underline the correct safety rule to follow. Draw an X through the wrong safety rule. Then tell why you should follow the correct safety rule.

1. TornadoGo to a basement or a place without windows.
Stand beside a window.

Why?

2. Earthquake Crawl under a heavy desk.Go outside and stand beside a wall of your home.

Why?

3. Hurricane Leave windows open.

Cover windows.

Why?

4. Electrical Storm If you are outside, stand under a tree. Do not use the water in your home.

Why? _____

Name _____



Sequence

Make a Family Escape Plan

Suppose a fire broke out in your home. Would you know what to do? If your family has a family escape plan, you would follow your plan.

How do you make a family escape plan? First, your family makes a floor plan of your home. A floor plan shows each room in your home. It shows the windows and doors in each room. Second, your family draws arrows to show two ways out of each room. One way might be a window. Third, your family decides on a meeting place outside your home. The meeting place should be marked on the family escape plan. Last, your family decides how often to practice the plan. Your parent or another trusted adult in your family writes the practice dates on the plan.

Fill in the graphic organizer to show the steps you would use to make a family escape plan. The first one is done for you.

Make a floor plan of your home.	
•	
	,
↓	
•	

Ν	ame	





Life Skill

Communicate

Steps for Communicating

- **1.** Understand your audience.
- **3.** Listen carefully, and answer any questions.
- **2.** Give a clear message. Express ideas in a clear, organized way.
- **4.** Gather feedback.

Use the steps to help these students communicate well.

A. Kia and Angie are playing outside Angie's home. They hear thunder. Kia tells Angie that they should both go inside. Angie doesn't want to.
Tell how Kia can use the Steps for Communicating to keep herself and Angie safe.
B. Matt and Lee are playing at recess. Lee falls and hits his head. He seems dizzy for a while. Then he says he is OK.
Should Matt tell someone that Lee fell? Who should he tell? What should he say?

Secret Message

Read each phrase. Find the term in the box that matches each phrase. Put one letter on each line. Each letter in the puzzle has a number. Use the numbers to fill in the secret message.

disaster electricity emergency poison

1. an event that causes widespread damage

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

2. a substance that causes illness, injury, or death if it gets on the skin or into the body

9 10 11 12 13 14

3. a form of energy that can produce light, heat, and motion

4. a situation in which help is needed right away

<u>26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34</u>

Secret Message: What is the first thing to do if someone is injured?

 $\frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{16} \frac{1}{16} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{14} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{1} \frac{U}{16} \frac{1}{24}$



Preventing Disease

Directions

Word Bank

- Use lesson vocabulary in the Word Bank to complete each Summary.
- Read the section directions to complete each Lesson Details.

	•			1
abstinence	diabetes	immunity	pathogens	viruses
bacteria	disease	medicine	symptom	
cancer	communicable disease	noncommunicable disease	vaccine	
Lesson 1 p	p. 146-147			
-		_ is a sign that some causes the body not	•	~
is a	·			
Lesson Det	ails List three syn	nptoms that you mig	tht have when	you are ill.
1	2.		3	
Lesson 2	p. 148-151			
Summary	A(n)		is spread l	ру
	such as	or	·	
Lesson Det	ails Use the infor	mation on page 150	to complete	the table.
Dicease	Cause			

Disease	Cause
Cold	virus
Flu	
Strep Throat	

Name	

Quick Study (continued)

Lesson 3 pp. 152-155

Summary Your body has ______ to some diseases.

certain disease. A ______ is a substance used to treat an illness.

A ______ is a substance given to keep you from getting a

Lesson Details Write a complete sentence that tells why it is important to tell your parent or caregiver when you don't feel well.

Lesson 4 pp. 158-162

Summary A disease that can't be spread is a ______.

Two examples of these are ______ and _____.

Lesson Details Write one or more symptoms for each disease.

Disease	Symptom
Allergy	
Asthma	

Lesson 5 pp. 164-166

Summary Not doing a certain thing—for example, not using tobacco—

is called _____.

Lesson Details Write three ways to live a healthful lifestyle.

Name	



Sequence

Bacteria in Your Body

Bacteria are one kind of pathogen, or germ. Some bacteria cause disease. Bacteria can get into your body in several ways. If bacteria are on your hands and you touch your eyes, nose, or mouth, bacteria can get into your body. Once bacteria are in your body, they make more bacteria. Then you might feel symptoms of disease. If you feel symptoms, you should tell a parent or your caregiver right away. Your parent or caregiver can check your symptoms. He or she may decide to give you medicine or to call a doctor.

Use the information in the paragraph to put the following sentences in the correct order: Bacteria make more bacteria. Tell a parent about your symptoms. Bacteria get into your body. A parent can check your symptoms. You get medicine or go to a doctor. You feel symptoms.

1			
2			
3			
1			
 -			
5			
6.			

Name	





Life Skill

Manage Stress

Steps to Manage Stress

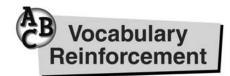
- **1.** Know what stress feels like for you.
- **2.** Try to determine the cause of the stress.
- **3.** Talk with someone you trust about the way you are feeling.
- **4.** Visualize yourself doing well in a stressful situation.

How could these students manage stress?

- **A.** During the school year, Tom goes to physical education class each day and gets exercise. Now it is summer, and Tom has been playing computer games all day and not getting much exercise at all. Tom has noticed that he feels much more stress when he doesn't get exercise.
- Use what you know about exercise and stress to suggest some activities for Tom. Explain how managing stress can help Tom stay healthy.

 B. Heather is nervous about the soccer play-offs that are coming up. Her parents and friends will all be there to watch her. She is afraid she won't do well.

 Use the Steps for Managing Stress to help Heather handle her stress.



Fill In the Missing Words

Write in the blank the word that makes the sentence correct.

abstinence communicable noncommunicable virus disease diseases

bacteria disease pathogens

cancer immunity vaccine

1. Colds and flu are both caused by a kind of pathogen called

a _____.

- **2.** _____ means not doing a certain thing, like using tobacco.
- **3.** Some health problems, called _______, can't be spread from person to person.
- **4.** A substance that prevents you from getting a certain disease is a

____·

- **5.** A ______ is something that causes the body not to work normally.
- **6.** ______ is a disease in which your body makes cells that aren't normal.
- **7.** Very simple living pathogens with just one cell are ______.
- **8.** A disease that spreads from person to person is a

_____•

- **9.** _____ is your body's ability to fight off disease.
- **10.** Bacteria and viruses are both _____



Medicines and Other Drugs



Directions

- Use vocabulary and other terms in the Word Bank to complete each **Summary**.
- Read the section directions to complete the Lesson Details.

Word	Bank —		
caffeine	inhalants	medicine label	refuse
cocaine	marijuana	over-the-counter medicines	safety rules
drugs	medicines	prescription medicines	side effect

Summary ______ change the way the body works. The ______ in coffee is one drug. It can make people feel more awake. Other drugs are ______ that can help when you are ill. Some of these are ______ you can buy at a store. Others, which doctors must order, are ______.

Sometimes a drug causes an unwanted effect, called a ______.

Lesson Details Match each word on the left with its example on the right.

over-the-counter medicine iced tea item with caffeine drug from a doctor prescription medicine antibiotic cream

Lesson 2 pp. 178–180

Summary Follow ______ when using a medicine. Your

parent will read and follow the directions on the _____ when he or she gives you a medicine.

Lesson Details Write three safety rules for taking medicines.

Lesson 3 pp. 182–185

Summary Substances that give off dangerous fumes are ______.

Two illegal drugs are ______, a drug from the hemp plant, and

_____, a drug from the coca plant.

Lesson Details Write a possible negative effect of using each drug.

Cause	Effect
inhalants	
marijuana	
cocaine	

Lesson 4 | pp. 188-190

Summary Ask a parent or teacher if you need help to _______, or say no to, illegal drugs.

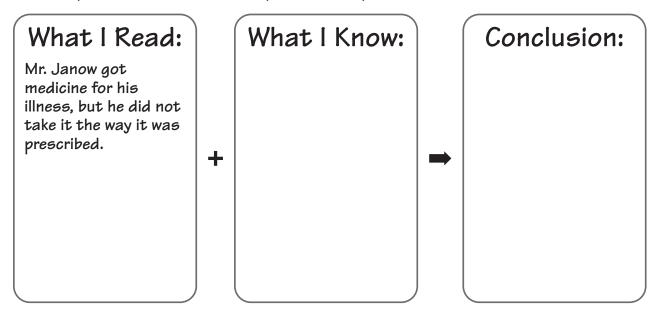
Lesson Details On a separate sheet of paper, write three reasons you should say no to drugs. Then write three ways to say no to drugs.



Draw Conclusions

Read each paragraph. Then fill in the graphic organizer from what you read.

1. Mr. Janow got some prescription medicine for his illness. He did not read the instructions. He took the medicine only once a day instead of twice a day. A few days later, he was still sick.



2. Marcy had a cough. Her mother went to the grocery store and bought cough medicine. She followed the directions on how to use the medicine. That night, Marcy didn't cough.

What I Read:		What I Know:		Conclusion:
		If you use medicine the way the directions call for, it will work better.		
	+		=	

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Life Skill

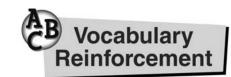
Refuse

Steps for Refusing to Use Drugs

- **1.** Say *no* and state your reasons for saying *no*.
- **2.** Think about what could happen.
- **3.** Use humor or any other way that works.
- **4.** Suggest something else to do.

Use the steps to help these students refuse inhalants and illegal drugs.

- A. Alan and Chris are at Chris's house after school. Chris says to Alan, "Someone told me that it's fun to sniff glue. Want to try it?"
 Write what Alan can do to refuse and keep them both safe.
- **B.** Jessie is visiting Amber. Amber's older sister, Mary, is in the bedroom smoking marijuana. She offers them some.
 - How can Jessie refuse Mary's offer? Write the four steps Jessie can use to say no.



Puzzle Words

antibiotic cocaine marijuana prescriptions side effect caffeine inhalants medicines safety rules

- **A.** Fill in the correct term for each definition.
- 1. illegal drug that comes from the hemp plant
- **2.** unwanted change caused by a drug
- **3.** a drug that kills bacteria
- **4.** drugs that can help keep you from getting ill
- **5.** substances that give off fumes
- **6.** what you should know to take drugs safely
- 7. a drug found in tea
- 8. a drug made from the leaves of the coca plant
- **9.** drugs ordered by a doctor
- **B.** Arrange the circled letters to tell how to refuse drugs.



Avoiding Tobacco and Alcohol

Directions

- Use vocabulary terms in the Word Bank to complete each **Summary**.
- Read the section directions to complete the Lesson Details.

Word Ba	ank —		
addiction	cancer	laws	smokeless tobacco
alcohol	chewing tobacco	nicotine	tar
alcoholism	environmental tobacco smoke	refuse	

Lesson 1

pp. 196-200

Summary There is a kind of tobacco that is not smoked as cigarettes
and cigars are. It is called Tobacco that people
chew is called and and
, both of which are dangerous to the body. The nicotine
in tobacco causes, the need to keep using tobacco.
Tobacco use can cause Even if you don't smoke, you
can get sick from
Lesson Details Fill in the effects of tobacco on each part of the body.
Mouth
Throat
HeartLungs

Name	Quick Study (continued)
Lesson 2 pp. 202-205	
Summary is a drug in beer, liquor, and win	e. Drinking
alcohol can lead to a disease called, which problems.	causes health
Lesson Details Make a list of three things that can happen to when they drink alcohol.	o people
Lesson 3 pp. 208-210	
Summary When you say <i>no</i> to, or, alcohol	and tobacco
use, you can help keep yourself safe. Also, there are protect young people from the harmful effects of tobacco a	
Lesson Details Write three ways you can refuse alcohol and	tobacco.



Identify Main Idea and Details

Health Problems with Tobacco

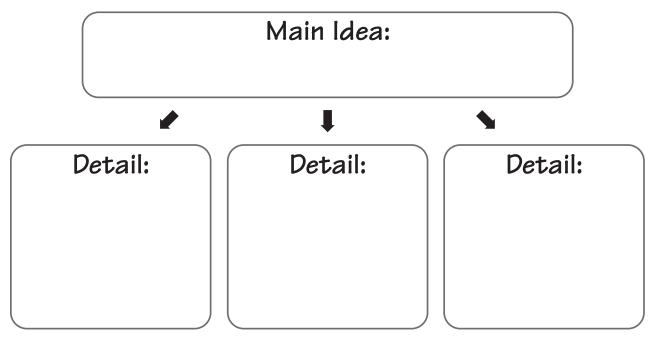
No matter what kind of tobacco people use, they are risking their health. What makes the risk worse is that once people start using tobacco, they can become addicted. Then it becomes harder to quit. Here are some of the health problems tobacco can cause.

Using tobacco can hurt your mouth and throat. When you smoke, your breath smells bad. Your lips can get cracked and might even bleed. Smoking irritates the throat and can make you cough. Even worse, using tobacco can cause both mouth and throat cancer.

When you use tobacco, you put your heart at risk. The nicotine in tobacco makes blood vessels smaller. The heart beats faster and harder. The result of these changes can be heart disease.

You may know a smoker who has trouble breathing. Tobacco can cause many lung problems. The tar that coats smokers' lungs makes breathing hard. Smokers also can get serious lung diseases. Smokers can die from lung cancer.

Use this graphic organizer to find the main idea and details in this passage.



Name	





Life Skill

Refuse

Steps for Refusing Alcohol and Tobacco

1. Say *no* firmly. State your reasons for saying *no*.

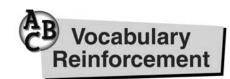
could use to say no.

- **2.** Say that you don't want to be sick.
- **3.** Suggest something else to do.
- **4.** Stay with people who also choose healthful activities.

Use the steps to help these students refuse alcohol and tobacco.

• How could Janice refuse the cigarette? Write the steps she

- **A.** Janice walks up to a group of friends who are in a circle sharing a cigarette. The girl closest to Janice says, "Come on, Janice, just try it. It's cool."
- B. Kevin tells Jack to come over because he has a secret. When Jack gets there, Kevin shows him a bottle of liquor. "Let's try it," Kevin says to Jack. "Don't you wonder just a little what it's like? This is our chance!"
 How can Jack say no to Kevin? Write the steps he can take to refuse the alcohol.



Matching

A. Write the letter of the term in Column B next to its meaning in Column A. Choose the meaning that fits best. Use each term only once.

		Column A		Column B
	_ 1.	Drug in tobacco that is a poison	a.	addiction
	_ 2.	Disease that makes cells grow wildly	b.	alcohol
	_ 3.	Plant that contains nicotine in its leaves	c.	cancer
	_ 4.	Another name for powdered tobacco	d.	chewing tobacco
	_ 5.	Makes people keep using alcohol or tobacco even when they want to stop	e.	environmental tobacco smoke
	_ 6.	Drug found in beer, wine, and liquor	f.	nicotine
	_ 7.	Moist wads of tobacco that are chewed	g.	smokeless tobacco
	_ 8.	Smoke that fills a room when someone is smoking	h.	tar
	9.	Dark, sticky material in tobacco smoke	i.	tobacco
	_ 10.	Disease that people who drink alcohol can get	j.	alcoholism
В.		se three terms from Column B. Write two so ich you use the three terms.	ente	nces



About Yourself and Others



Directions

- Use lesson vocabulary in the Word Bank to complete each **Summary**.
- Read the section directions to complete each Lesson Details.

• Read the section	directions to c	omplete each Lesson l	Details.
Word Bank			
apologize	fear	peer pressure	stress
communicate	needs	relationship	wants
emotions	peers	self-control	J
Lesson 1 pp. 216	-221		
Summary		such as joy or anger a	are strong feelings.
People are usua	ally happy whe	n their	and
	are met. Peop	ole with	have power
over their emo	tions.		
Lesson Details (Circle the correct	ct answer or answers.	
Three ways to (sleeping, word		re by ons, body language, o	r reading).
•		mfortable feelings are sercising, hiding, or wi	•
Lesson 2 pp. 222	-225		
Summary When	n you are scare	d, you feel	When you
feel emotional	or mental press	sure, you feel	·
	•	ou think each person vay he or she might de	_
Deshay's dog h	as just died		

Lesson 4 pp. 234-236

Summary When you share information, you ______.

When you tell someone you are sorry, you ______.

Lesson Details Draw a line to show what would make each situation better.

Your friend found out you told her secret.

I would show compassion for my friend and treat her in a caring way.

Your friend got a bad grade on a test, and she is looking sad.

I would apologize and ask my friend to forgive me.



Identify Cause and Effect

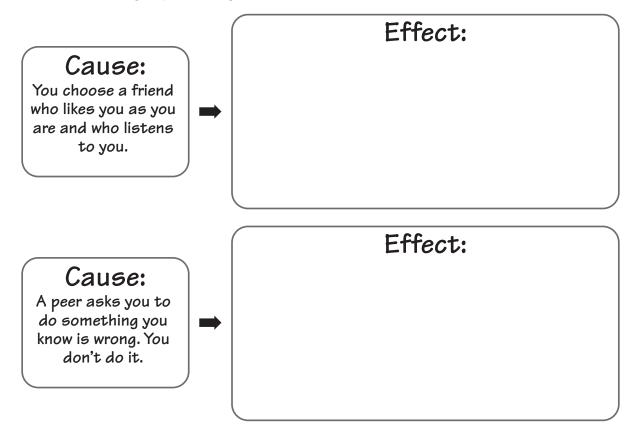
Friends

Friendship is important. You laugh and cry with your friends. You do things together. You depend on each other. You tell each other things.

Choosing the right friends is important, too. When you choose a friend, look for someone who likes you as you are. Look for someone who lets you make your own decisions. Look for friends who respect you, care about you, and listen to you. If you choose wisely, you may have a friend for life.

Sometimes friends or peers try to get you to do things you know are not right. This is called negative peer pressure. How can you say *no* to peer pressure? Stand up for yourself. Show your peers that you respect yourself and the rules of your school and your family. If you do the right thing, you will feel good about yourself. You will know that you are stronger than peer pressure.

Fill in the graphic organizer to show the effects of the causes.



N:	ame	





Life Skill

Manage Stress

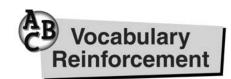
Steps for Managing Stress

- **1.** Know what stress feels like.
- **2.** Try to determine the cause of the stress.
- **3.** Do something to reduce your stress.
- **4.** Think positively.

Use the steps to tell how these students could manage their stress.

A. Katy told her friend Mary that she would ride bikes with her. She also promised her mom that she would clean up her room and finish her homework before dinner. Dinner is only one hour away. Katy feels tense.

• Write the cause of Katy's stress. How could she feel better?
Jamal bragged to his friends that he is a great basketball player. The truth is that he really isn't very good. Today the class will be playing basketball, and his friends all want him on their teams. Jamal's stomach hurts, and he doesn't want to go to school.
• Write why Jamal feels stress. How could he reduce his stress?
hurts, and he doesn't want to go to school.



Matching Words

Α.	Write the letter of the best of	lescription for each term.
	_ 1. stress	a. strong feelings of happiness or sadness
	2. compassion	b. You feel bad for a friend and tell him or her so.
	3. apologize	c. You feel tense and worried.
	4. peer pressure	d. You feel angry, but you don't yell or hit.
	5. emotions	e. a smile or a frownf. You feel very sad about a loss.
	6. body language	g. You say you are sorry for what you did.
	7. self-control	h. People your age try to get you to do something you don't want to do.
	_ 8. grief	
В.	Write a sentence or two in v communicate, and feelings.	which you use the vocabulary words peers,

Word Bank



Your Family and You



Directions

- Use lesson vocabulary in the Word Bank to complete each Summary.
- Read the section directions to complete the Lesson Details.

divorce responsibilities	role sibling	values	S
Lesson 1 pp. 242-244			
Summary The strong	g beliefs and actions that a	re importan	t to a family
are its	·		
Lesson Details For each and circle R if the it	ch item in the list, circle V tem is a ritual.	if the item	is a value
1. Going to the lib	orary once a week	V	R
2. Communicating	respectfully	V	R
3. Learning new th	nings	V	R
4. Being truthful		V	R
5. Eating dinner to	ogether every night	V	R
6. Having a family	picture taken once a year	· V	R
7. Playing a board	game before bedtime	V	R
8. Taking a spring	vacation	V	R

9. Spending time together

11. Respecting each other

10. Keeping a scrapbook of family celebrations

R

R

R

V

V

V

Name	Quick Study
Lesson 2 pp. 246-249	(continued)
Summary One of the changes that can happen to a family is	when
parents, which means they are no longer	married.
Getting a new, a brother or sister, is a fachange that happens to many children.	mily
Lesson Details Circle the things that are helpful in coping with change in a family.	1
Talking about your feelings with your parents	
Blaming your parents for the change	
Refusing to do anything that is different	
E-mailing or writing a letter to a friend	
Telling your siblings that the change is harder for you than f	or them
Listening to how other family members feel	
Lesson 3 pp. 252-254	
Summary As children get older, their char	nge. In a
new, a child can be more helpful in the	family.
Lesson Details Write at least three responsibilities for the fami child about your age.	ly role of a
Child's Responsibilities	

Name	



Summarize

Find the Main Ideas

First, underline the main ideas in the following paragraphs.

Brad and Natalie are planning an activity for this weekend with their grandparents. Brad wants to go swimming. Natalie wants to go to the zoo.

People often like different things, and people have different ideas. These differences can lead to conflicts. Conflicts do not mean people stop liking each other. Conflicts occur even when families get along well. Conflict is normal. But, you should make an effort to work it out.

There are many ways to resolve conflicts. Communicating respectfully is one tool. Different opinions need to be discussed in a way that is not hurtful.

next,	write	a	paragraph	summarizing	the i	main	ideds.	

Name	





Life Skill

Resolve Conflicts

Steps for Resolving Conflict

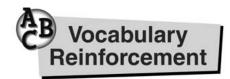
- **1.** Use "I" messages to tell how you feel.
- **3.** Negotiate.
- **2.** Listen to each other.
- **4.** Compromise on a solution.

Use the steps to help these students resolve conflicts.

- **A.** Frank needs a book to finish his homework. He left it on his desk, but it is not there. After looking all over, he finds his sister Jamie reading it. Jamie likes the book and wants to keep reading it. Frank needs the book and is unhappy that he spent so much time looking for it.
- How can Frank and Jamie solve their conflict?

 B. Jason and Lucas are planning how to spend Saturday afternoon together. Jason wants to play at the park on the corner. Lucas wants to go bike riding.

 What can Jason and Lucas do to reach a compromise?



Use Word Meanings

Complete the word puzzle.

Across

- 3. Strong beliefs and actions that are important
- **5.** Jobs that someone is expected to do

Down

- **1.** To stop being married
- 2. Parts people play in a family
- **4.** A brother or sister

1	2								
3					4	1			
					4				
5									

Word Bank

air pollution



reuse

Health in the Community

Directions

• Use lesson vocabulary in the Word Bank to complete each Summary.

noise pollution

• Read the section directions to complete the Lesson Details.

aroundwater

clinic community environment	health department hospital littering	pollution recycle reduce	water pollution
esson 1 pp.	260-263		
Summary Th	ne place where people	live, work, play	, and go to school is
The people	Most community who work there help		thy. You can get
medical trea	tment at a	or _	
	s Use page 260 in younurse might do.	ar textbook. List	: two jobs a
esson 2 pp.	264-266		
Summary So	ometimes the	is mad	le unhealthful by
	Disturbing and	harmful sounds	are
Harmful ma	aterials in the air are _		_•
Lesson Detail	Suse bage 266 to con	mplete the grapl	nic organizer.
	Exar	nples of Pollution	•

Lesson 3 pp. 268–271

Summary More than half of the water we drink comes from

underground. This water is called _____. Harmful materials can sink through the soil into the groundwater and cause

Lesson Details Use the pictures on pages 268–269. Put the water treatment steps in order. Write the correct number in each space.

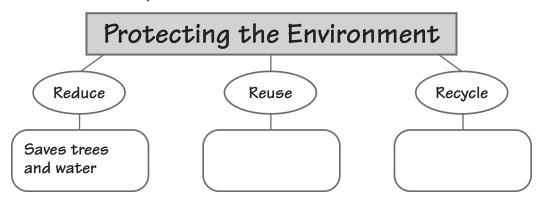
- Chlorine and other chemicals are added to water to make it clean.
- The filtered water goes into a settling tank.
- Wastewater flows through screens that filter out large objects.
- Bacteria are added to the water to eat waste materials.

Lesson 4 pp. 274–278

Summary If you put trash in a place that is not proper, you are _____. Three ways to cut down on litter and protect the

environment are to ______, and ______.

Lesson Details Complete the graphic organizer to tell why it is important to reuse and recycle.





Compare and Contrast

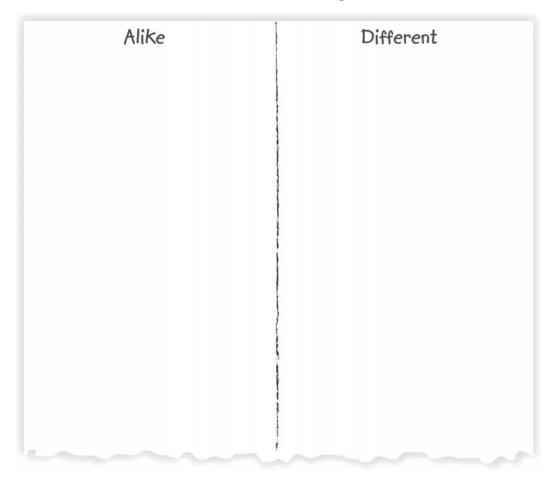
Hybrid Cars and Regular Cars

Hybrid cars have been getting a lot of attention lately. A hybrid car uses two sources of energy—gasoline and electricity. A driver still has to go to a gas station to fill up the tank, but the electric battery recharges itself as the car is driven.

You can drive almost twice as far on one gallon of gas in a hybrid car as you can in a regular car. Also, hybrid cars pollute the air less than regular cars. However, at this time, hybrid cars are more expensive to buy than regular cars. Carmakers are working to improve hybrid cars and to make them cheaper to buy.

Use the graphic organizer to fill in the things that are alike and different about hybrid cars and regular cars.

Hybrid Cars and Regular Cars



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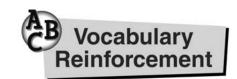
Life Skill Set Goals

Steps for Setting Goals

- **1.** Choose a goal.
- **2.** List and plan steps to meet the goal. Determine whether you will need help.
- **3.** Check your progress as you work toward the goal.
- **4.** Meet the goal and evaluate the work.

Use the steps to help these students set and reach their goals.

- A. Jorge, Sean, and their classmates wanted to eat their school lunches outdoors. At the outdoor lunch area, they found the tables and ground littered with food wrappers, food scraps, and empty drink containers. The classmates decided they wanted to do something about the mess.
 How can the class plan to keep the outdoor lunch area clean?
 B. Beth and her mother are sorting through clothing and putting aside the things that Both has outgrown. Both thinks it would be fun to have a second containers.
- **B.** Beth and her mother are sorting through clothing and putting aside the things that Beth has outgrown. Beth thinks it would be fun to have a neighborhood garage sale. She wants to give any money they make to a charity. Beth's mother agrees to help as long as Beth does most of the work.
 - Use the steps to help Beth plan the neighborhood garage sale.



Word Meanings

In the space provided, write the letter of the vocabulary word in Column B that best fits the definition in Column A.

Column A Column B 1. a place where people live, work, play, **a.** air pollution and go to school **b.** clinic **2.** a group of health workers who serve the whole community **c.** community **3.** a place where people who are **d.** environment ill or hurt can stay for medical treatment **e.** groundwater **4.** a place to get medical treatment **f.** health if you do not need to be in a department hospital **5.** all living and nonliving things **g.** hospital around you **h.** littering **6.** anything that makes the environment unhealthful i. noise pollution 7. harmful sounds in the environment **j.** pollution **8.** harmful materials in the air **k.** pollution **9.** a person who tests the air, water, control and soil for pollution technician **10.** harmful substances in the water **I.** reduce, reuse, recycle **11.** water we drink that comes from underground **m.** water pollution __ **12.** not putting trash in the proper place

___ **13.** how to cut down on trash and protect the environment